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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/575,983	04/17/2006	Matthew Glen Wheeler	35010148US	8458
	7590 01/15/2009 LAW GROUP LLC		EXAMINER	
2060 BROADWAY			NGHIEM, MICHAEL P	
SUITE 300 BOULDER, CO 80302			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2863	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/575,983	WHEELER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	MICHAEL P. NGHIEM	2863
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLAY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IDENTIFY OF THE MAILING	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 and 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) The 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-21,25 and 27-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 22-24,26 and 30-33 is/are objected 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration. to. or election requirement.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted an accepted and accepted any not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corresponding to the corresponding to the corresponding and the corresponding to the second accepted and the corresponding to the corres	ccepted or b) objected to by the le drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the leaving of the drawing of	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bures* * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action supplements the prior Office Action dated January 5, 2009.

The Amendment filed on December 18, 2008 has been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1, 3/1, 4, and 6-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The method is not tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or transforms an underlying subject matter (such as an article or material). Thus, the method is not a patent eligible process under 35 USC 101 and is directed to non-statutory subject matter. See In re Bilski, Appeal No. 2007-1130.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, 9, 11-13, 17-21, 25, and 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pattern (US 6,092,409) in view of Answers.com ("Damping").

Regarding claims 1 and 17, Patten et al. discloses a method and system for validating a flow calibration factor of a flow meter (Abstract, lines 1-2), comprising:

- determining an initial oscillation period (step 901) of a component of said flow meter (via 901);
 - determining a current oscillation period of said component (via 403);
- comparing said initial oscillation period to said current oscillation period (step 902);
- detecting a calibration error condition responsive to comparing said initial oscillation period to said current oscillation (column 5, lines 9-12).

Regarding claims 2 and 18, Patten et al. discloses signaling said calibration error condition (step 904).

Regarding claims 3 and 19, Patten et al. discloses correcting said flow calibration factor responsive to said calibration error condition being detected (column 10, lines 28-30).

Regarding claims 4 and 20, Patten et al. discloses said oscillation periods are determined by solving a single degree of freedom model (measurement of oscillation, column 1, lines 34-35, using sensors, column 1, lines 42-46).

Regarding claims 5 and 21, Patten et al. discloses said single degree of freedom model is solved using a method comprising the steps of: applying a known force to said flow meter component (column 1, lines 34-35); measuring a resultant deflection of said flow meter component (sensors measure motion, column 1, lines 42-44); and determining said oscillation period responsive to said force and deflection (column 2, lines 33-35).

Regarding claims 9 and 25, Patten et al. discloses said oscillation periods are determined by solving a multiple degree of freedom model (determine period of oscillation based on flow calibration factor and density, column 2, lines 58-62).

Regarding claims 11 and 27, Patten et al. discloses said calibration error is corrected using coefficient estimation techniques (column 9, lines 37-41).

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Regarding claims 12 and 28, Patten et al. discloses said calibration error is corrected

using multi-fluid calibration techniques (column 10, lines 28-30; Fig. 3).

Regarding claims 13 and 29, Patten et al. discloses said calibration error is corrected

using trending techniques (using proportion of change, column 10, lines 28-30).

However, regarding claims 1 and 17, Pattern does not disclose determining/comparing

the flexural stiffness of the flowmeter component.

Nevertheless, as discussed above, Pattern discloses determining the oscillation

periods (or displacements) of the flow tube (see column 5, lines 2-12). Answers.com

discloses a relationship between the oscillation frequency/period and the stiffness (see

damping, paragraph 3).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the

time the invention was made to derive the stiffness from the oscillation period of Pattern

as disclosed by Answers.com for the purpose of determining a physical characteristic of

the flow tube. Thus, more tangible information about the flow tube is obtained.

Allowable Subject Matter

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Claims 22-24, 26, and 30-33 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Reasons For Allowance

The **combination** as claimed wherein said single degree of freedom model is solved using a method comprising means for determining a receptance transfer function, calculating an inverse receptance frequency response, and determining said flexural stiffnesses responsive to said frequency response (claim 22) or said single degree of freedom model is solved using a method comprising means for identifying constants, applying a transfer function model to a complex frequency response, converting said transfer function from a mobility form to a response form, extracting modal parameters from said transfer function, and calculating flexural stiffnesses responsive to said modal parameters (claim 23) or means for generating a response model of said flow meter structure, converting said response model to a modal model, converting said modal model into a spatial model, and determining said flexural stiffness from said spatial model (claim 26) is not disclosed, suggested, or made obvious by the prior art of record.

Response to Arguments

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Applicant's arguments filed on December 18, 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the 35 USC 102 rejections of claims 1 and 17, Applicants argue that the Patten reference does not qualify as prior art against the present application. Per 35 U.S.C. 103(c)(1), "[s]ubject matter developed by another person, which qualifies a prior art only under one or more of subsections (e), (f), and (g) of [35 U.S.C.] 102..., shall not preclude patentability under this section where the subject matter and the claimed invention were, at the time the claimed invention was made, owned by the same person or subject to an obligation of assignment to the same person."

Consequently, the Patten reference does not qualify as prior art and cannot be used against the present patent application.

However, Examiner notes that 35 USC 103(c)(1) only applies to subsections (e), (f), and (g) and not subsection (b) of [35 U.S.C.] 102. Pattern qualifies as prior art under 35 USC 102(b). Thus, the Pattern reference qualifies as prior art under 35 USC 103(c)(1).

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-5, 9, 11-13, 17-21, 25, and 27-29 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Contact Information

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Nghiem whose telephone number is (571) 272-2277. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Drew Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-2312. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Michael P. Nghiem/

Primary Examiner, GAU 2863

January 6, 2009